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TO **Ed Mussler**

NCDENR-Solid Waste Section
401 Oberlin Road
Raleigh, NC 27605

DATE	9/2/08	PROJ. NO.	G08080
ATTENTION	Mr. Mussler		
Martin County C&D Landfill			
Partial Submittal for Closure Plan			

Please find enclosed:

COPIES	DATE	NO.	DESCRIPTION
2	9/2/08	-	Written Closure, Post-Closure and Ground and Surface Water Sampling and Analysis Plans -Full Submittal

you have any questions or need any additional info please give us a call.

TRANSMITTED BY: Lisa Hampton for Wayne Sullivan , Garner Office

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If enclosures are not as noted, kindly notify us at once.

CLOSURE, POST CLOSURE AND GROUND AND SURFACE WATER SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

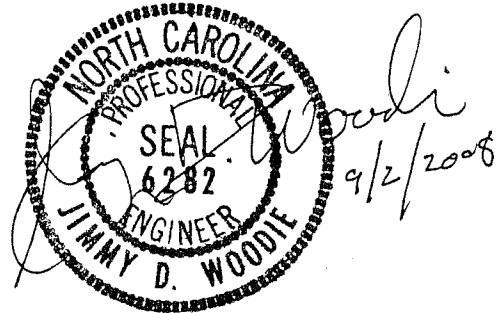
Martin County Construction and Demolition Landfill Facility

Williamston, North Carolina

Project Number
G08080

Re-Submitted
September 2008

July 2008



Submitted By:
Municipal Engineering Services Company, P.A.
Garner • Boone • Morehead City
North Carolina

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SECTION 1.0

CLOSURE PLAN

1.1 Introduction

The County will cap their landfill within 180 days after the final receipt of solid waste. The cap system will consist of 12 inches of intermediate cover, 18 inches of cohesive soil with a permeability no greater than 1.0×10^{-5} cm/sec, 18 inches of erosive layer. The cap contains gas venting system consisting of a series of washed stone trenches below the soil liner that will be vented through 10" diameter PVC pipes that penetrate the cap. The cap system will also include the proper seeding and mulching of the erosive layer and other erosion control devices. The largest area ever needing closure will be 7.22 acres.

Prior to beginning closure, the County shall notify the Division of Solid Waste that a notice of the intent to close the unit has been placed in the operating record. The County shall begin closure activities no later than thirty (30) days after the date on which the landfill receives the final wastes or if the landfill has remaining capacity and there is a reasonable likelihood that the landfill will receive additional wastes, no later than one year after the most recent receipt of wastes. Extensions beyond the one-year deadline for beginning closure may be granted by the Division of Solid Waste if the County demonstrates that the landfill has the capacity to receive additional waste and the County has taken and will continue to take all steps necessary to prevent threats to human health and the environment from the closed landfill.

The County shall complete closure activities in accordance with the closure plan within 180 days following the final receipt of waste. Extensions of the closure period may be granted by the Division of Solid Waste if the County demonstrates that closure will, of necessity, take longer than one hundred eighty (180) days and the County has taken and will continue to take all steps to prevent threats of human health and environment from the enclosed landfill.

Following closure of the landfill, the County shall notify the Division that a certification, signed by the project engineer verifying that closure has been completed in accordance with the closure plan, and has been placed in the operating record. The County shall record a notation on the deed to the landfill property and notify the Division of Solid Waste that the notation has been recorded and a copy has been placed in the operating record. The notation on the deed shall in perpetuity notify any potential purchaser of the property that the land has been used as a landfill and its use is restricted under the closure plan approved by the Division of Solid Waste. The County may request permission from the Division to remove the notation from the deed if all waste is removed from the landfill.

1.2 Cap System

All materials and equipment shall be furnished by an established and reputable manufacturer or supplier. All materials and equipment shall be new and shall be of first class ingredients and construction, designed and guaranteed to perform the service required and shall conform with the following standard specifications or shall be the product of the listed manufacturers or similar and equal thereto as approved by the Engineer.

1.3 Cohesive Soil Cap

All materials and equipment shall be furnished by an established and reputable manufacturer or supplier. All materials and equipment shall be new and shall be of first class ingredients and construction, designed and guaranteed to perform the service required and shall conform with the following standard specifications or shall be the product of the listed manufacturers or similar and equal thereto as approved by the Engineer.

Cohesive Soil Cap Borrow Material

Test Name	Test Method	Contractor/Engineer Frequency
Moisture/Density	ASTM D698/D1557	1 per 5000 c.y.
Remolded Permeability	ASTM D5084	1 per 5000 c.y.
Atterberg Limits	ASTM D4318	1 per 5000 c.y.
Visual Classification	ASTM D2488	1 per 5000 c.y.
Grain Size Distribution	ASTM D422	1 per 5000 c.y.

Cohesive Soil Cap Test Pad

Test Name	Test Method	Contractor/Engineer Frequency
Field Moisture/Density	ASTM D1556 (sand cone) ASTM D2922/D3017 (nuclear gauge) ASTM D2937 (drive cylinder)	3 per lift
Permeability	ASTM D5084	1 per lift
Remolded Permeability	ASTM D5084	1 per lift
Atterberg Limits	ASTM D4318	1 per lift
Visual Classification	ASTM D2488	1 per lift
Grain Size Distribution	ASTM D422	1 per lift

In-Place Cohesive Soil Cap

Test Name	Test Method	Contractor/Engineer Frequency
Field Moisture/Density	ASTM D1556 (sand cone) ASTM D2922/D3017 (nuclear gauge) ASTM D2937 (drive cylinder)	1 per lift per acre
Permeability	ASTM D5084	1 per lift per acre
Atterberg Limits	ASTM D4318	1 per lift per acre
Visual Classification	ASTM D2488	1 per lift per acre
Grain Size Distribution	ASTM D422	1 per lift per acre

(a) Suitable on-site and/or off-site soils may be used as cohesive soil cap if it can achieve an in-place permeability of 1.0×10^{-5} cm/sec or less and meets all testing requirements indicated in the material testing paragraph in this section. Wyoming bentonite or an approved equivalent may be blended with the soil to lower the soil's permeability.

(b) A permeability "window" shall be developed for each type of soil from the borrow material that will be used for construction of the cohesive soil cap. The window shall be plotted on a semi-log plot with moisture content versus density. Laboratory testing to develop the window shall include a series of remolded samples compacted to various dry densities and moisture contents utilizing the same compactive effort (ASTM D 698 or D 1557). The remolded samples shall be tested for permeability to determine whether or not the particular soil type will provide the maximum permeability (1.0×10^{-5} cm/sec) at various dry densities and moisture contents. The window is then developed from the accepted remolded samples and moisture contents

from the semi-log plot. A straight line is typically drawn between the acceptable points on the moisture-density curve to indicate a range of probable acceptable permeability results. The window will be used in the construction of the test strip to verify the laboratory remolded permeability results.

(c) Atterberg limits and grain size distribution shall also be conducted on the bulk samples used to prepare the permeability window ASTM D2488, D4318, D422. These tests can be used as indices on random samples collected from the borrow site during construction to verify the soil type is the same as was used to develop the "window". As a minimum, sufficient visual classifications and Atterberg limits shall be conducted in association with each permeability test to verify that the construction materials meet specifications.

(d) A test strip of compacted cohesive soil cap shall be prepared to verify the permeability "window" prior to general installation of the cohesive soil cap. The test strip will be used to verify the results from the remolded permeabilities from the borrow site utilizing the permeability window(s) for each soil type that is going to be used for construction of the cohesive soil cap. At a minimum, the verification will consist of three moisture density tests, one Atterberg limits test, one grain size distribution test (ASTM D2488, D4318, and D422), and one Shelby Tube sample for each lift constructed in the test pad. Laboratory permeability tests shall be performed on tube (Shelby or drive tubes) samples of the cohesive soil cap after placement and compaction. The permeability must be a maximum of 1.0×10^{-5} cm/sec. Tests shall be performed in accordance with the ASTM D5084. The test strip shall be approximately 2,500 sq. ft. in surface area and constructed to conform geometrically to the site topography with a minimum lateral dimension in any direction of 25 ft. The test strip shall consist of at least three compacted 6 inch lifts of cohesive soil cap. Placement and testing of the test strip shall be in conformance with the construction specifications and requirements for general installation of the cohesive soil cap. Test results from the test strip shall be used to guide placement and achievement of the required maximum permeability of 1.0×10^{-5} cm/sec of the cohesive soil cap. The test strip may be used as an integral part of the overall cohesive soil cap if it meets the required specification for the cap. All results shall be given to the Construction Observer.

(e) The soils shall be placed to the total thickness shown on the plans in maximum 8-inch thick loose lifts with a maximum 6" compacted lift compacted preferably at a moisture content between 0 to 3% above optimum moisture content to 95% standard Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM Test Designation D698). A sheepsfoot roller or approved alternative may be used to compact the soil cap provided the compaction and permeability requirements can be achieved. Each lift shall be tested for permeability, moisture content, particle size distribution analysis, Atterberg limits, moisture-density-permeability relation, and if needed percent bentonite admixed with soil, prior to the placement of the succeeding lift and visually inspected to confirm that all soil clods have been broken and that the surface is sufficiently scarified so that adequate bonding can be achieved. Soils for cohesive soil cap shall be screened, disked, or prepared using any other approved method as necessary to obtain a homogeneous cohesive soil with clod sizes in a soil matrix no larger than about 1.5 inches in maximum diameter. After each lift, the surface shall be scarified prior to the placement of the next lift to provide good bonding from one lift to the next.

(f) The cohesive soil cap shall be tested to evaluate the coefficient of permeability. The coefficient of permeability of the soil cap shall be equal to or less than 1.0×10^{-5} cm/sec after placement and compaction. The soil cap must be a minimum of 1.5 feet thick.

(g) Laboratory permeability tests shall be performed on tube (Shelby or drive tubes) samples of the cohesive soil cap after placement and compaction. The permeability must be a maximum of 1.0×10^{-5} cm/sec. Tests shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D5084.

(h) The soil cap shall be tested a minimum of one soil sample per lift per acre for laboratory permeability. All permeability testing will be on random samples judged by the Engineer to be

representative of the most permeable soil conditions for the area being tested. The project engineer shall certify that the materials used in construction were tested according to the Division approved plans. If after placement of the soil cap it fails the required tests, the material will either be reworked or replaced. The soil cap must remain moist at all times, if any section becomes dry, rework the dry area and moisten.

(i) A minimum of two (2) inches of soil shall be removed prior to securing each sample for permeability testing. The sampling tube shall be advanced vertically into the soil with as little soil disturbance as possible and should be pushed using a uniform pressure. The sampling tube (Shelby tube), when extracted, shall be free of dents, and the ends shall not be distorted. A backhoe or approved alternative should be used to advance the sampling tube (Shelby tube) as long as disturbance is minimized. Drive tube samples of the cap may be obtained for permeability testings. If the Engineer judges the sample to be too disturbed, another sample shall be taken. Once an acceptable sample has been secured and properly prepared, all sample excavations shall be backfilled to grade with a 50% mixture of bentonite and similar soils in maximum 3-inch loose lifts and hand tamped with a blunt tool to achieve a tight seal equivalent to the original density.

(j) No additional construction shall proceed on the soil layers at the area being tested until the Engineer has reviewed the results of the tests and judged the desired permeability is being achieved.

(k) As a minimum, sufficient visual classifications (ASTM Test Designation D2488) , analyses (ASTM Test Designation D422) and Atterberg limits (ASTM Test Designation D4318) shall be conducted in association with each permeability test to verify that the construction materials meet specifications. The minimum number of tests will be 1 per lift per acre.

(l) If the soil for the cohesive soil cap is incapable of achieving the required permeability when compacted, bentonite or approved alternative may be mixed with the soils to decrease the permeability. The amount of additive required must be determined in the laboratory. Where additives are required, the soil shall be placed in maximum 8-inch thick loose lifts and compacted preferably between 0 to +3% optimum moisture content to 95% standard Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM Test Designation D698) for the soil-additive mixture. All other compaction procedures for the soil apply.

(m) The Contractor shall protect the cohesive soil cap from desiccation, flooding and freezing. Protection, if required, may consist of a thin plastic protective cover, (or other material as approved by the engineer) installed over the completed cohesive soil cap until such time as the placement of flexible membrane liner begins. Areas found to have any desiccation cracks or which exhibit swelling, heaving or other similar conditions shall be replaced or reworked by the contractor to remove these defects.

(n) The thickness and grade of the soil cap will be verified by the surveyor. The soil cap will be surveyed at 100' grid points where the elevations of the top of landfill will be checked with the top of soil cap to verify 1.5 feet of soil cap. The grade will then be verified with the surveyed information. The survey will be performed by NC licensed surveyors.

1.4 Erosive Layer

The soil for the erosive layer shall consist of any soils suitable of supporting vegetative growth.

(a) Native vegetation will be used as approved by the Erosion Control Plan.

1.5 Methane Venting System

Gas Venting System

NC.D.O.T. No.5 stone, Geotextile fabric, and 8" and 10" plastic pipes will be used in the construction of the Gas venting system.

(1) Stone in Trenches and Surrounding Perforated Collection Piping

Stone for methane collection system shall meet the requirements of NC DOT aggregate, standard size No. 5 and shall contain no fines. Stone must pass the sieve analysis test for No. 5 stone performed at the quarry.

(2) Geotextile Fabric

Geotextile fabric surrounding the stone/piping shall be non-woven needle punched fabric with the following minimum properties:

1) Weight	8.0 oz/yd ²	ASTM D-3776
2) Grab Strength	205 lbs.	ASTM D-4632
3) Grab Elongation	50%	ASTM D-4632
4) Trapezoidal Tear Strength	85 lbs.	ASTM D-4533
5) Puncture Strength	100 lbs.	ASTM D-4833
6) Mullen Burst Strength	320 psi	ASTM D-3786
7) Permittivity	1.4 sec ⁻¹	ASTM D-4491

Geotextile fabric shall be manufactured by Polyfelt , TNS Advanced Technologies, or approved equal.

(3) Plastic Pipe

Plastic gravity sewer pipe and fittings used for methane vent shall be unplasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC) and conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation D-3034 on ASTM F679, Type PSM, Class 12454-B, SDR-35 with elastomeric gasket joints. PVC pipe and fittings shall be as manufactured by J-M Pipe, Certainfeed, H&W Industries or equal. The methane riser pipe shall be a 10 inch solid wall PVC pipe.

The methane gas venting system on top of the landfill will be constructed after all phases of filling have been completed.

1.6 Closure Costs

The largest area to be closed within the permitted life will be 7.22 Ac. Post Closure will be 30 years after closure.

Closure Costs:

Closure will consist of the following which costs are estimated as being done by a third party.

1. 18" of 1×10^{-5} cm/sec. soil cover;
2. Erosion Control Devices;
3. 18" Erosive layer;
4. Seeding and Mulching;
5. Mobilization/Demobilization;
6. Labor Costs; and
7. Stone for methane gas collection.
8. Geotextile for methane gas collection.
9. Vent pipes for methane gas collection.
10. Engineering Costs and QA/QC of the Composite liner and certification of closure.

Estimate of Probable Costs:

1. 18" of 1×10^{-5} cm/sec. soil cover for 7.22 acres:

Total yardage + 15% = 20,093 yd³ @ a cost of \$9.00/yd³
∴ Cost = \$180,839

2. Erosion Control devices

Estimated costs @ \$75,000
∴ Cost = \$75,000

3. 18" Erosive soil layer for 7.22 acres.

Total yardage + 15% = 20,093 yd³ @ a cost of \$4.00/yd³
∴ Cost = \$80,372

4. Seeding and Mulching for 7.22 acres.

Estimated cost of \$2,000/acre
∴ Cost = \$14,440

5. Mobilization/Demobilization.

Estimated cost of \$175,000

6. Labor Costs.

Estimated cost of \$200,000
∴ Cost = \$200,000

7. Stone for methane gas venting.

Total estimated linear feet = 435 ft.

Total estimated volume for a 2'x1' trench = 870 ft³

with a density of 120 lbs/ft³ total weight = 52.2 tons @ a cost of \$25.00/ton

∴ Cost = \$1,305

8. Geotextile for methane gas collection.

Total estimated linear feet = 435 ft.

Total estimated perimeter for a 2'x1' trench =

(435 ft × 6 ft) = 2,610 ft² @ a cost of \$0.20/ft²

∴ Cost = \$522

9. Vent pipes for methane gas collection.

Estimated cost @ \$600.00 each (4 vents).

∴ Cost = \$2,400

10. Engineering Costs and QA/QC of the Composite liner and certification of closure.

Estimated cost = \$200,000

∴ Cost = \$200,000

Total of Estimated Closure Costs:

1.	\$	180,839
2.	\$	75,000
3.	\$	80,372
4.	\$	14,440
5.	\$	175,000
6.	\$	200,000
7.	\$	1,305
8.	\$	522
9.	\$	2,400
10.	\$	200,000
Total:		\$ 929,838

SECTION 2.0

**POST-CLOSURE
PLAN**

2.1 Introduction

CONTACTS:

Name:	Russell Overman
Title:	Martin County Manager
Phone No.:	(252) 792-2222
Address:	PO Box 668 Williamston, NC 27892

DESCRIPTION OF USE:

The County has no future use planned for their landfill at this time.

DESCRIPTION OF MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES:

The County Landfill will be monitored quarterly for evidence of settlement, subsidence and ponding in the cap system. The entire site will be monitored quarterly for evidence and effects of erosion. The erosion control plan will be preserved. Annually in the spring, the vegetative cover will be monitored to assure a good stand of vegetation, and where needed, it will be reseeded. These maintenance activities will take place over the entire post closure period of thirty years.

DESCRIPTION OF MONITORING ACTIVITIES:

The County Landfill will monitor and analyze ground and surface water semi-annually for Subtitle D Appendix I constituents for a period of thirty years. The County will also monitor methane gas at landfill structures and the boundary quarterly for the thirty-year period.

COMPLETION OF POST-CLOSURE CARE

Following completion of the post-closure care period for each unit, the owner or operator will notify the Division of Solid Waste that a certification, signed by a registered professional engineer, verifying that post-closure care has been completed in accordance with the post-closure plan, has been placed in the operating record.

2.2 Post Closure Costs

The largest closed area to be monitored within the post closure life will 7.22 acres.

Post Closure Costs:

Methane gas, ground water and surface water will be monitored for 30 years after closure. The cap will also have to be monitored for the 30 year period. All costs include reports, data analysis, and certifications.

1. Ground and Surface Water monitoring semiannually for 30 years for appendix I constituents and statistical analysis.
Estimated cost/sample = \$840.00/sample
Total annual samples = 2(4 wells, 1 surface water) = 10 samples/year
Estimated cost = 30 years x 10 samples/year x \$840.00/sample =

∴ Cost = \$252,000
2. Methane Gas monitoring quarterly for 30 years.
Estimate \$600.00/quarter = \$2,400.00/year
Estimated cost = 30 year x \$2,400.00 = \$72,000.00

∴ Cost = \$72,000.00
3. Cap Monitoring and repairing any problems.
Estimate \$100,000 for the 30 years.

∴ Cost = \$100,000
4. Closure of sedimentation and erosion control devices.
Estimate \$24,000.00 for closure

∴ Cost = \$24,000
5. Maintenance of gas vents, monitoring wells, etc.
Estimate \$60,000

Total of Estimated Post Closure Costs:

	1. \$	252,000
	2. \$	72,000
	3. \$	100,000
	4. \$	24,000
	5. \$	60,000
Total:	\$	508,000

SECTION 3.0

FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

APPENDIX A

CLOSURE DRAWINGS